

New York, July 27.—Silver, 63 3/4; lead, \$6.35; spelter, \$10.25; copper, \$24.00 @ 27.00.

WEATHER — Utah: Tonight and Friday Fair. Not much change in temperature.

Austrian Forces Retreating in Galicia Violent Russian Attacks Are Made

HEAVY SHELLING OF GERMANS BY BRITISH GUNS IN PROGRESS

Preparation for New Drive on the Somme Front Under Way—Important Action in Scandinavian Waters Not Confirmed—Turks Report of Victory Denied—Italian Artillery Fighting Still in Progress—Teutons Pressed Back in Volhynia—Germans Using Gas and Tear Shells.

Heavy shelling of the German lines on the Somme front by British guns is in progress, following the British success in capturing Pozieres. Apparently this is in preparation for a renewal of the attack.

Rumors that important naval action has occurred in Scandinavian waters were met today by a statement of the British admiralty that it had no reports of any naval activities in the region indicated.

Turkish claims to advantage over the British in cavalry skirmishes east of Suez are denied in a British report.

Petrograd announces the capture of a total of 6,250 prisoners by the Russians in the fighting of Tuesday when the Teutonic lines were pressed back in the Slonevka region of Volhynia.

London, July 27, 3.05 p. m.—Throughout the night the British troops continued to press the Germans with hand-to-hand encounters at various points on the official front in France, says the official British statement issued today.

The text of the British official statement says:

"Throughout the night our artillery had been active and we continued to press the enemy with hand-to-hand encounters at various points.

"The enemy is using large numbers of gas and tear shells in the battle area.

"Elsewhere on the British front there was no incident of importance in the last 48 hours."

British Are Repulsed.

Berlin, July 27, via London, 4.40 p. m.—British hand grenade attacks against the German lines to the west of the town of Pozieres in the Somme region were repulsed yesterday, according to the announcement made by the German army headquarters today.

South of the river Somme a French attack launched at a point northeast of Barleux failed, the statement adds. In the Verdun region several strong French attacks were carried out in the region of Froide Terre and Fleury but they were repulsed. Fighting continues at some points.

The German official statement regarding the western front says:

"Western theater: Between the Aisne and the Somme intense artillery activity on both sides lasted into the night. Enemy hand grenade attacks were repulsed west of Pozieres.

"South of the Somme a French attack carried out northeast of Barleux failed.

French Attacks Fail.

"During the night several strong French attacks made in the region of Froide Terre and Fleury were repulsed. Fighting continues at some points.

"Strong reconnoitering detachments attacking on the front southwest of Warignon, and patrols near Richebourg were repulsed.

"A French coup de main north of Vienna le Chateau failed. Near Ville aux Bois and northwest of Prunay our patrols made about 50 prisoners in the French position.

"A French biplane was shot down in an aerial fight."

Austrians in Retreat.

Berlin, July 27, by wireless to Sayville.—An Austrian withdrawal before superior Russian pressure north of Brody in northeastern Galicia is announced by Austro-Hungarian army headquarters in its report of July 25th.

The statement says:

"South of Lesznov (12 miles north of Brody) our troops were withdrawn behind the Boldurka sector before superior enemy forces. Very violent Russian attacks in the vicinity of Radziviloff (22 miles northeast of Brody) resulted in insignificant Russian advantages. The Russians suffered extraordinarily heavy losses.

Italian Artillery Duels Progress.

Italian front: In the Sugana valley Italian attacks have ceased. Artillery duels are still in progress. On July 24 the enemy's losses before one sector of this front were from 1,200 to 1,300 dead and wounded.

"Balkan front: Artillery combats have occurred on the Voyosa."

Russian Attack Fails.

Berlin, July 27, via London, 4.40 p. m.—Russian positions on the Schitshara river, northwest of Baranovich, it was announced by the German general staff today. The Russians, it is added, also were sanguinarily repulsed in the region west of Berestechko.

The German statement regarding

the eastern front says:

"Eastern theater: The Russians yesterday evening made a futile storming attack against our positions on the Schitshara, northwest of Baranovich. They were also sanguinarily repulsed west of Berestechko. Otherwise, apart from an outpost fight on the Komalra, south of Vidzy, which was only productive of severe enemy losses, there is nothing to report."

Daily Steamship Service.

Berlin, July 27, via wireless to Sayville.—A daily and direct steamship service has been established between Passau, Bavaria, and Belgrade, Serbia, by the Danube Steam Navigation company, according to the Overseas News Agency.

Germans Shell Submarine Base.

Berlin, July 27, via wireless to Sayville.—A German naval airship on July 25 attacked the main base for Russian and British submarines at Marienhafen, it was officially announced by the German admiralty today. The airship bombarded the port successfully, it is added, with 700 kilograms of explosive bombs. Although the air vessel was shelled, it returned to port undamaged.

New Naval Action.

London, July 27, 10.30 a. m.—Officials of the British admiralty informed The Associated Press today that they had nothing to report of a new naval action in Scandinavian waters and had received nothing in any way confirming unofficial reports of naval activity in that region.

A report published in a Stockholm newspaper on Wednesday said that prolonged firing had been heard Monday coming from the Gulf of Bothnia which forms the northern arm of the Baltic sea. The newspaper report supplied no details.

British Seize Mails.

Berlin, July 27, by wireless to Sayville.—British authorities at Kirkwall, says the Overseas News Agency, have taken the mails from the steamship Gills, bound from Rotterdam for India and the steamship Noordam bound from Rotterdam for New York.

British Warship Not in Bay.

Washington, July 27.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, informed acting Secretary Polk today that he had received a message from the British admiral commanding the British squadron in the Atlantic denying that a British warship had entered Chesapeake bay, as reported by the commander of the battleship Louisiana.

London, July 27, 3.11 p. m.—At the admiralty today it was stated that no information had been received regarding the mysterious visit Monday night of a British cruiser within the American territorial waters of the Virginia coast.

RUSSIANS TAKE MANY PRISONERS

Five Big Guns, 22 Machine Guns and 6,250 Teutons Taken in Tuesday's Fight.

Pursuit of Retreating Turks Continues—Depot of War Materials Taken at Erzincan.

Petrograd, July 27, via London, 3.48 p. m.—In the battle on Tuesday on the Russian western front, 6,250 Teutons were taken prisoner, says the official statement issued today by the Russian war department. The Russians also captured five guns and 22 machine guns.

Russian troops operating in the Caucasus are continuing their pursuit of the retreating Turks, the statement says. In the Turkish fortress of Erzincan, the capture of which was announced yesterday, the Russians took a depot of war materials.

The statement says:

"Western front: During the night of Wednesday nearly a company of the enemy launched an attack south of Lake Veltchko north of Lake Mi-

adziol. The attackers were driven back to their trenches.

"In the district of Lebuzy, south-east of Baranovich there were artillery duels and engagements with our front line detachments.

"An attack by an enemy detachment of about 50 or 60 men launched Wednesday in the region of Urochisch-Bereznoie, northeast of Lake Vygonna, was repulsed.

"In the region of the river Slonevka and on the river Boldurovka fights are proceeding for possession of the river crossings. Our troops have advanced at some points.

"The number of prisoners taken in Tuesday's battle on the western front total 128 officers and 6,250 men. Five guns and 22 machine guns were captured.

"Caucasus front: We continue our pursuit of the retreating Turks. In Erzincan we took a depot of war materials."

SUBMARINE ATTACKS GERMAN TRADER

Berlin, July 27, by Wireless to Sayville.—A delayed report from Hamburg dated July 19 received by the Overseas News Agency today gives details of the previously reported attack by a Russian submarine on the steamer Elbe off the Swedish coast as follows:

"The German trading vessel Elbe bound from Bondsawal to Lulea, Sweden, was attacked off the port of Ratan and a half mile from the shore by an enemy submarine, a torpedo being discharged without warning. The captain of the Elbe, by a rapid maneuver, succeeded in dodging the torpedo which passed the steamer at a distance of 20 meters and exploded against the cliffs."

SURE THEY CAN HOLD THEIR OWN

Germans Gather Most Powerful Aggregation of Artillery Yet Accumulated in Any Single Battle Theater.

Headquarters of the German army on the Somme, July 25, via Berlin, July 26, to London, July 27.—The French and British, giving themselves no rest, are continuing their efforts to widen the sack-like position north and south of the Somme, wherein they are now pinned on three sides by German armies. Both German officers and men are confident of their ability to hold their own and are aided by the most powerful aggregation of artillery which Germany has as yet accumulated in any single battle theater.

Yesterday afternoon, shortly after the correspondents had left the battlefield, an artillery duel of violent proportions signaled the renewal of the struggle. From the intensity of the bombardment it was soon evident that the main effort of the allies would again be made on the line from Pezieres to Hardecourt—the sector which was the scene of such bitter fighting from July 20 to July 23. The bombardment continued with increasing intensity the whole forenoon. Toward evening an attack was made in strong force by a British division which was headed by picked troops and bomb throwers.

The attackers were able to establish a foothold in the German lines but were later driven out by a German counter attack. The British also succeeded in entering temporarily the German trench system in the vicinity of Longueval and Guillemont, but here also were finally expelled.

General Foch supported his British colleagues with a determined attack south of the Somme. On the blood-drenched terrain between Estrees and Soyecourt he gained a few hundred meters of front line trenches south of Estrees but was unable to hold them.

SEEKS TO QUIET TITLE TO PROPERTY

An illegal claim to a section of real estate, is charged against Howard Carpenter by John Van der Akker in a suit to annul the defendant's claim.

Van der Akker asserts his absolute right to the real estate in question, but has experienced some difficulty with Carpenter, whom the former claims has no legal title to any of the land.

The plaintiff asks the court to impress upon the defendant by means of a legal document that the latter has no right to claim a share of the property. Carpenter is at present residing in New York city.

INTENSE HEAT IN PLAINS STATES

Hot Period Unequalled in Continuity and Extremely High Temperature Since Year 1901.

CHICAGO HOT POINT

Severe Menace to Crops in Kansas, Portions of Illinois and Missouri—Other States Need Relief.

Chicago, July 27.—A period of intense heat in the western plains states unequalled in continuity and extremely high temperatures since 1901, the year of the hot winds in Kansas, according to the weather bureau here, probably will continue throughout the remaining days of July. The forecasters announced today that not a leaf was stirring in the Canadian northwest whence relief must come and that there was every indication that except in spots visited by local showers, the drought would be severe.

Chicago, which heretofore has been laved in cooling breezes from the lake, participated in the continental eddy today when the winds shifted and came over the city from the hot plains. At 7 o'clock this morning Chicago with a temperature of 84 was the hottest point in the United States with the exception of Yuma, Arizona. The lowest temperature for the night here was 82, the highest minimum in the records of the local weather bureau. Throughout the day the temperature steadily mounted, reaching 98 at noon with the prediction that the thermometer would register approximately 100 at 3 o'clock.

Twice in fifteen years a higher temperature has been recorded—103 on July 21, 1901, and 103 on July 3 and 4, 1903.

The present heat wave began late in June and has continued with an absence of rain causing a severe menace to crops in Kansas and Oklahoma. Portions of Illinois and Missouri also have begun to show the effects of heat and drought. Wisconsin, Iowa and parts of Nebraska are in need of relief.

No Relief in Sight.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 27.—No relief is in sight from heat which has prevailed in Iowa for more than a month, according to the United States weather bureau here. The forecaster said there was little prospect of rain. Corn in some places is said to be firing.

97 At 11 O'Clock.

Chicago, July 27.—Official temperature at 11 o'clock was 97 here, the highest of the season in Chicago.

Facing Ice Famine.

Cleveland, O., July 27.—With the hottest weather of the year being experienced, the City Ice Delivery company, the biggest ice concern here, announced an increase in price of 2.2 cents per hundred pounds to domestic and commercial trade today. Danger of an ice famine is given as one reason.

New York, July 27.—The humidity was greater here today than at any time since July, 1897, the local forecaster declared. As early in the day as 9 a. m. the humidity registered 93 with the temperature only 74. No relief is promised.

Heat Prostrations.

Chicago, July 27.—Police reports up to 1 o'clock showed two deaths and eleven prostrations due to heat. At 1 p. m. the thermometer reached 99 degrees. A fitful breeze sent it down two degrees in the next hour.

100 in Shade.

Oskosh, Wis., July 27.—A temperature of 100 degrees in the shade was registered here at 1 p. m. Several factories shut down as the men could not endure the heat.

Hottest Weather in Years.

Freeport, Ill., July 27.—The hottest weather in forty years was felt here today when the thermometer registered 101 degrees in the shade at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Heat is Unabated.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 27.—The heat continued unabated here today and at noon the government thermometer at street level registered 93 degrees. Four heat prostrations have been reported.

Heat Wave Unbroken.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 27.—The heat wave was unbroken today in Indiana. In this city the official temperature was 92 degrees at noon. Reports of prostrations came from all parts of the state.

Sweltering in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., July 27.—The

sweltering heat of the last few days continued here today with the prospects that the 93 degrees reported at noon would be increased from 3 to 5 degrees during the afternoon. Temperatures around the hundred mark are being reported from points in Missouri and Kansas.

New York, July 27.—Today's record marked the climax of a period of excessive muggy and uncomfortable weather that has lasted for nearly two weeks. The dampness is of a penetrating kind and many households, although the heat has also been intense, have started fires in their furnaces to dry out their homes.

SENATE VOTES RELIEF FUND

Two Million Dollars for Dependent Families of Enlisted and Regular Men in Border Service.

Washington, July 27.—An appropriation of \$2,000,000 for relief of dependent families of enlisted men in the militia and regular men in the Mexican service was agreed upon today by the senate in an amendment to the army appropriation bill. Dependent families would be given not more than \$50 a month in the discretion of the secretary of war.

The army bill carrying approximately \$312,000,000 then passed the senate without a record vote.

SUBMARINE HAS NOT LEFT PIER

Baltimore, Md., July 27.—If Captain Koenig of the merchant submarine Deutschland plans to start today on the return voyage to Germany, there was nothing going on this morning at the pier where the submersible is berthed that was any more indicative of departure than has been the case for the last few days.

Overnight developments in fact tended to increase the probability of a report late last night that it had been decided to hold the Deutschland here until some word has been received concerning her sister ship, the Bremen. When Carl A. Luderitz, German consul here, announced that the reception to Ambassador von Bernstorff which he had planned at his home for last evening had been definitely postponed, he was asked when the Deutschland would leave.

"She will not leave for a week," answered Mr. Luderitz. He would not add to this statement, however, when he was asked the cause of further delay in the vessel's departure, although clearance papers had been taken out.

The Deutschland's crew slept aboard the interned North German Lloyd steamer Neckar last night.

Ships Have Strict Orders.

Washington, July 27.—The British ambassador said the ships had strict orders not to enter the three mile limit of American territorial waters to waylay the German submarine Deutschland or for any purpose and the admiral has reported that their instructions had not been violated at any time.

Polk was told that the British admiral was very indignant over the report that one of his cruisers had made an incursion into Chesapeake bay.

SPANELL AWAITS ACTION OF JURY

Alpine, Texas, July 27.—Harry J. Spannall, manager of a local hotel, was given a preliminary examination on a charge of killing his wife and Lieutenant-Colonel M. C. Butler, U. S. A., here today before Justice Ragin and remanded to jail without bond to await action of the grand jury, which meets here September 11th.

Spannall, apparently crazed by jealousy it is asserted, shot and killed his wife, daughter of John Holland, a leading banker and cattleman of West Texas, and the army officer, a week ago today, while the three were riding in Spannall's motor car.

The shooting occurred on a residence street in Alpine, causing much excitement throughout the section.

On Verge of Collapse.

When the prisoner was brought into the court room it seemed obvious to friends that he was on the verge of collapse. He sobbed a greeting to the few officers present and with blood-shot eyes searched the room. Apparently he paid little attention to the

legal phases of the examination but mumbled over and over again:

"Oh, my little girl! My little girl!" referring apparently to his five-year-old daughter now at the home of her grandparents here.

The examination was perfunctory and caused little excitement in the community. Few persons in the town realized it was being held, every effort having been made to keep the fact of Spannall's presence here a secret because of the sentiment said to have been manifested after the shooting.

Bound Over by Court.

Immediately after the court had bound him over, Spannall was handcuffed, taken to a waiting automobile and driven rapidly out of town. He was driven to Marfa and from there he will be taken by train to El Paso for safe keeping.

L. A. Dale of El Paso who appeared today as Spannall's attorney, declined to indicate the defense he would offer.

NATURAL GAS WELL UNCOVERED

Cleveland Tunnel Explosion Opens Flow of Gas Which May Prevent Completion.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 27.—Indications that a well of natural gas was uncovered by the tunnel explosion here last Monday was reported today by L. M. Jones, the government mining expert sent here from Pittsburgh.

The flow of gas not only makes recovery of the bodies in the wreck impossible, but may prevent completion of the tunnel, Mr. Jones said.

The gas well, according to the expert, is apparently of uncontrollable proportions and the gas similar to that at the suburb of Lakewood.

Despite this, exploration preparations for further development were made today. The bodies lie behind a cave-in nearly 300 feet long.

Special Machinery Needed.

Special machinery will be needed to penetrate this wall of muck. It will require several days digging to reach the corpses, so in any event no more bodies are expected to be found for a week or more.

Waterworks officials said today they believe there are only nine bodies in the tunnel, instead of eleven, as previously estimated. Patrick Kerns, supposed to be entombed, turned up alive today. He had over-stayed shore leave Monday and missed death by a close margin. Justice Aro, another thought to be with the ill-fated force, has also been reported alive. This reduces the total loss of life to nineteen.

The city investigation reached examination of witnesses today.

SIX MOTOR TRUCKS FROM MACKAY, IDAHO

A train of six powerful motor trucks and a party of khaki clad operators attracted attention, while passing through the business district this morning. The trucks were being driven to Salt Lake City from Mackay, Idaho, where they have been used for hauling ore.

They are owned by the Utah Motor company and, according to one of the drivers, were brought into Ogden, from Malad, Idaho, on an average of 11 gallons of gasoline per car.

LIFE ASSURANCE MEN TO BANQUET

The monthly meeting of the Ogden Life Underwriters' association will be held on Saturday, August 5, when the members will be joined by about 50 prominent assurance men from other cities in the state, in a banquet at the Hermitage hotel.

The underwriters will be addressed by John James, state insurance commissioner, and Y. F. Francisco, state general manager of the West Coast Life Assurance Company, San Francisco.

Governor Spry is expected to be present.

Metal Polishers' International Union reports that 20 shops in Chicago have signed a 48-hour agreement with a minimum wage of 49 cents an hour.

PUBLIC WARNED AGAINST FAKES

Department of Agriculture Issues Proclamation—People to Look on Infantile Paralysis Treatment With Suspicion.

SO-CALLED "CURE"

Special Instructions Sent to Food and Drug Inspectors to Be Particularly Alert.

Washington, July 27.—Warning was issued to the public today by the department of agriculture to look with extreme suspicion upon any preparation put on the market and offered for sale as being effective for the treatment of infantile paralysis.

Department officials charged with the enforcement of the foods and drugs act, an announcement says, "expect the outbreak of infantile paralysis will tempt unscrupulous persons to offer for sale so-called 'cures' or remedies for this dread disease. They therefore have issued special instructions to food and drug inspectors to be particularly alert for interstate shipment, or importation of medicines, the makers of which allege that they will cure or alleviate this disease for which at the present time no medicinal cure is known."

Inspectors to Collect Samples.

Inspectors have been instructed to collect samples of all medicines found in interstate commerce and officials declare the makers will be vigorously prosecuted whenever the evidence warrants action under the food and drugs act. Such remedies offered for import will be refused entry.

Government officials have noted that in the past whenever a serious epidemic has existed unscrupulous dealers have preyed upon the fear, or ignorance, of the public by flooding the market with worthless, hastily prepared concoctions, for which curative properties which have no foundation whatever in fact are claimed. In the present infantile paralysis epidemic inspectors already have discovered shipments of a few such mixtures.

States Must Watch.

In its warning the department points out that the federal law does not apply to preparations made and consumed wholly within a single state such as patent medicines made within New York state and sold in New York city, the center of the epidemic.

"Persons buying or using a 'remedy' made in their own state, therefore," the announcement says, "must rely on the protection accorded them by their local health authorities."

SLIGHT DECREASE IN N. Y. PLAGUE

Thirty-one Deaths in Twenty-four Hours and 151 New Cases—Total of 700 Dead.

New York, July 27.—Only a slight decrease in the epidemic of infantile paralysis was noted today in the health department's report for the 24 hours ending at 10 a. m. During that period there were 31 deaths and 151 new cases.

More than 700 children now have been killed by the plague since its inception on June 26 and there have been more than 3,000 cases reported.

EXECUTION OF ROGER CASEMENT

Arrangements for Traitor to Pay Death Penalty at Pentonville Prison Being Made

London, July 27, 4.16 p. m.—The London News Agency says that the public execution of Roger Casement is highly improbable and that falling special instructions from the government, arrangements to hold it in privacy at the Pentonville prison, August 3, will be proceeded with.

According to some authorities, execution for crimes, except those of murder must be public.